MIDDLE EAST AND SOUTH ASIA REVIEW

6 JULY 1981

Lebanese Crisis

Security Situation--Beirut radio reported that an explosion in a west Beirut store on 4 July caused a large fire that almost engulfed an ammunition dump in the At-Tariq al-Jadidah area. The radio said 7 people died and 53 were injured as a result of the explosion. According to Voice of Lebanon radio, the dump was Palestinian-owned. The clandestine Voice of Palestine radio reported that the explosion occurred in one of the arms depots of the Organization of Communist Action. Reporting another explosion, Beirut radio said a bomb damaged a Trans-Mediterranean Airways Boeing 707 at Beirut Airport early on 5 July. The radio quoted the chairman of the company's union as saying that the bomb was planted by saboteurs who wrongly believed the company had flown arms to Iran.

The Voice of Lebanon reported that the Sodoco Road, linking east and west Beirut, was opened on 2 July. However, Beirut radio reported that it was closed on 5 July as a result of sniper fire. The Voice of Lebanon reiterated its accusation that the Syrians have failed to withdraw from positions around Zahlah and spoke of violent Syrian shelling of the nearby Al-'Awurah mountain peaks on 3 July. The Voice of Palestine, on the other hand, claimed that the Phalangists are trying to hinder the agreement over Zahlah. It asserted that the commander and some other officers of the Lebanese Government's security force now policing Zahlah are connected with the Phalangists. In another report, the radio cited the Beirut daily AS-SAFIR as reporting on 5 July that 173 armed Phalangists are still in Zahlah. Meanwhile, Beirut radio said the internal security force extended its deployment to a number of hills around Zahlah. The radio also reported an Israeli commando raid in the south on 4 July, although Jerusalem radio quoted an IDF spokesman as denying the report.

Followup Committee--Beirut radio reported that the Arab followup committee met at Bayt ad-Din Palace near Beirut on 4 and 5 July. Earlier, the committee, which comprises the foreign ministers of Syria, Saudi Arabia and Kuwait and the Arab League secretary general, flew from Damascus to the northern Lebanese town of Ihdin for discussions with former President Sulayman Franjiyah before proceeding to Bayt ad-Din. The statement of the 5 July meeting of the committee, broadcast by Beirut radio, revealed that it had discussed detailed ideas for a solution to the Lebanese crisis linked to four issues--relations with Israel, national accord, agreements with the PLO and the situation in southern Lebanon. The statement said the committee has postponed its next meeting to 25 July in order to study and prepare the necessary resolutions. According to the Voice of Lebanon, the preliminary talks at Bayt ad-Din on 4 July were discouraging due to the emergence of differences in viewpoints among committee members during a lengthy and heated debate.

In remarks after the conclusion of the Arab followup committee talks, Syrian Foreign Minister 'Abd al-Halim Khaddam said, as reported by Beirut radio, the committee had reached no decision on its main topic of discussion--the question of relations with Israel. Earlier, Damascus radio reported that after meeting with former President Franjiyeh on 4 July, Khaddam told journalists that the situation in Zahlah is not linked to the issue of the SAM missiles in the Al-Biqa' valley. While he considered the Zahlah problem solved, he said the missiles will remain to defend the Arab Deterrent Forces (ADF) and Lebanon against Israeli attacks. Regarding further action by the followup committee to bring about a settlement in Lebanon, Khaddam said it is impossible for the committee to take any more steps toward discussing conditions in Lebanon until the Israelis are expelled from it. Indicating that he wants the Phalangists to renoucne their connections with Israel, Khaddam said a statement should be issued, followed by defined and verifiable measures, to close all doors to infiltration from and into Israel. Khaddam stressed that this is the stand not only of Syria, but also of the Arab League and the followup committee. In remarks on the same occasion, reported by Beirut radio, Arab League Secretary General Chedli Klibi said the followup committee wants all Lebanese parties to meet around one table and engage in a dialogue.

Reporting on the followup committee's activities, KUNA quoted an unnamed official involved in its deliberations as saying the committee will finalize a five-point plan for solving the Lebanese crisis during its current round of talks at Bayt ad-Din Palace. The plan calls for the Phalangist-dominated Lebanese Front to renounce collaboration with Israel and abide by the collective Arab stand regarding the settlement of the Middle East crisis. Second, it proposes a joint Arab military committee to supervise the cease-fire and the addition of non-Syrian Arab troops to the ADF. Third, the various Lebanese factions will participate in a roundtable conference for national reconciliation chaired by Lebanese President Ilyas Sarkis. Fourth, all Lebanese parties will be represented in a new government of national entente. Finally, the plan calls for the creation of a special fund, backed chiefly by Saudi Arabia and Kuwait, with which the Lebanese Defense Ministry will purchase all the stocks of weapons held at present by different militias throughout the country.

Syria

Syrian-Soviet Military Exercises--Although monitored Syrian and Soviet media have not mentioned a Syrian-Soviet naval exercise, the Voice of Palestine reported that joint naval maneuvers will begin on 5 July. According to Jerusalem radio, Israeli Deputy Defense Minister Mordekhay Tzipori said the Soviet-Syrian exercise could be a signal to Israel that the Soviet Union is standing at Syria's right hand in the as yet unsolved crisis over Syrian SAM missiles in Lebanon. In another report, Jerusalem radio said the Soviet Union has airlifted large quantities of military equipment to Syria in the last 2 weeks.

Soviet Experts Reportedly Killed--The Voice of Lebanon reported that members of the Muslim Brotherhood ambushed and killed three Soviet experts north of Aleppo on 2 July. According to the radio, the ambush was one of several acts of sabotage by the Muslim Brotherhood in the Aleppo area last week.

Israel

Election Results--Jerusalem radio reported on 5 July that in an "almost final count" of the votes cast in the 30 June elections the Likud has won 48 seats in the Knesset in comparison with the alignment's 47. It said the National Religious Party has won 6 seats; Agudat Yisra'el 4; Hadash, 4; Tehiya, 3; Tami, 3; Telem, 2; Shinuy, 2; and Citizens' Rights Movement, 1. The radio also reported that the official results are expected to be published on 10 July. According to Jerusalem radio and television reports, the Labor and Likud leaders continued their talks over the weekend with possible coalition partners.

As-Sadat Invitation--Jerusalem television reported that the prime minister's office has confirmed that if Menahem Begin succeeds in forming a government this month, he will accept Egyptian President Anwar as-Sadat's invitation to meet with him in Alexandria. The television cited OCTOBER magazine as saying that As-Sadat wants to hold talks with Begin before meeting with President Ronald Reagan in Washington in August.

Iraq

Nuclear Cooperation--According to Paris radio, Iraq has officially asked France to continue to cooperate with it in the nuclear field. In an interview with the Lebanese daily AN-NAHAR, cited by Paris radio, French Foreign Minister Claude Cheysson said that if Iraq wishes to enter into a new agreement with France to buy a nuclear reactor, France is prepared to supply one to it subject to the same conditions as those applied to other buyers.

Saddam Husayn Interview--In a 4 July interview with the Kuwaiti daily AL-ANBA' cited by KUNA, President Saddam Husayn said Iraq is offended that it has not been included in the Gulf Cooperation Council. He said he had mentioned the issue to Saudi Crown Prince Fahd ibn 'Abd al-'Aziz. He also said the two Palestinians whom the Kuwaiti authorities have charged with involvement in recent explosions in Kuwait are currently in Iraq and can be arrested at any time.

Iran

Killings, Arrests--The wave of arrests and executions has continued, according to radio and news agency reports. A revolution guards statement carried by Tehran radio on 5 July disclosed that between 29 May and 30 June the guards arrested more than 50 Mojahedin-e Khalq activists and smashed three Mojahedin military teams. Citing KEYHAN, AFP reported that security forces arrested another 70 Mojahedin in Tehran on 2 and 3 July. AFP had earlier quoted the new Islamic Republican Party (IRP) leader, Javad Bahonar, as saying that 50 Mojahedin were arrested on 30 June for plotting to destroy the Majlis. Tehran radio has carried a number of announcements of executions of Mojahedin and other leftists, including 5 in Ahvaz on 2 July, 10 in Tabriz on the same day, 3 in Mashhad on 4 July and 4 in Esfahan and Amol on 5 July. The radio also reported that three Mojahedin were killed by revolution guards during a 6-hour gun battle in central Tehran on 4-5 July.

Khomeyni Speech--In a 2 July address to families of those killed in the 28 June IRP headquarters bombing, broadcast by Tehran radio, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeyni advised individuals who have "not deviated very far" to dissociate themselves from the "hypocrites" who have risen against Islam. He said "righteous and decent" people who have been misled into opposing the Islamic Republic should repent in the current month of Ramadan before it is too late.

Bani-Sadr Interview, Execution Call--AFP reported that the London weekly EIGHT DAYS published an interview with Abolhasan Bani-Sadr on 3 July in which the former president appealed to Iranians to resist the "illegal" IRP dictatorship. Interviewed somewhere in western Iran close to the war front, Bani-Sadr told EIGHT DAYS that his escape to Iranian Kordestan had been organized by the Mojahedin-e Khalq. AFP did not report the date of the interview. Meanwhile, AFP reported from Tehran that revolutionary tribunal judge Mohammadi Gailani told a 5 July press conference at Evin Prison that Bani-Sadr will be executed if he does not take advantage of Khomeyni's pardon for those who repent during Ramadan.

Majlis Approves Musavi--Tehran radio reported that in its 5 July session the Majlis approved Hoseyn Musavi as minister of foreign affairs. In remarks to the Majlis, broadcast by the radio, Musavi said Iran should arouse the oppressed masses of the world in order to create a momentum in its foreign policy to be used as a source of pressure internationally.

Iran-Iraq Conflict

A communique from the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps, carried by Tehran radio, claimed that a series of operations in the Nowsud region on 2 July resulted in the death of more than 200 Iraqi soldiers. The communique also said at least 175 Iraqis were taken prisoner. According to a joint staff communique, carried by the radio, the Iraqi forces made futile attempts to recover the areas they lost but were forced to retreat. The radio also reported that two Iraqi helicopters attempting to invade one of the bases between Nowsud and Paveh on 4 July were downed by Iranian fire. An Iraqi Armed Forces General Command communique, carried by INA, claimed that over 310 Iranians had been killed on 2 July in the Nowsud region.

Libya

Jallud Yugoslav, Soviet Visits--JANA reported that Staff Maj 'Abd as-Salam Ahmad Jallud concluded his official visit to Yugoslavia on 3 July during which he signed a protocol for cooperation in the scientific, technical, electrical, industrial and economic fields with the president of the Yugoslav Federal Executive Council. According to the London-based weekly AL-MAJALLAH, Jallud's recent visit to the Soviet Union led to a new type of military agreement between Libya and the Soviet Union that included, in addition to an arms deal, an understanding on coordination and Soviet support for Libya in the event of an attack on it. The weekly, citing well-informed Arab diplomatic sources, said the value of the new arms deal amounts to several billion dollars. It also reported that the Russians have asked for air and naval facilities in Libya.

PDRY Leader's Visit--According to JANA, PDRY President 'Ali Nasir Muhammad arrived in Tripoli on 4 July and conferred with Col Mu'ammar al-Qadhdhafi.

PLO

In a 2 July report on Political Department chief Faruq Qaddumi's recent visit to Moscow, the Voice of Palestine said the Soviet leadership is studying the question of upgrading the PLO office in Moscow to embassy level. In an interview broadcast by the radio the following day, Qaddumi said his visit to the Soviet Union had been very useful. Regarding his forthcoming talks in Paris with French Foreign Minister Cheysson, Qaddumi said he hopes that France will recognize the right of the Palestinians to establish their own independent state and that it will allow the PLO to raise its representation level in Paris. According to the radio, Qaddumi arrived in Paris on 3 July and held talks with Cheysson the next day.

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KHOMEYNI ADDRESSES MARTYRS' FAMILIES 2 JUL

LD021656 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1145 GMT 2 Jul 81

[Address by Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeyni to families of those killed in the 28 June explosion at the Islamic Republican Party headquarters, delivered on 2 July at Hoseynieh Jamaran--recorded, duration 47 minutes]

[Text] In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. From God we came and to God we shall return. [Koranic verse] I humbly express my condolences to all the militant martyrs. [as heard] For me, all the Iranian people are the survivors of these martyrs. We are from God; whatever we have emanates from Him; we have nothing of our own; and what we offer to Islam is a gift mercifully granted to us by the most blessed, most exalted God, and we are only returning to Him what has been entrusted to us. In purity and with honor, those entrusted to us have rushed to the most blessed, most exalted God, and brought pride to the nation and the world's innocent ones. They were in the vanguard and all those who rushed to the most exalted God since 5 June [date of street clashes with Mojahedin-e Khalq and other Bani-Sadr supporters] are a source of pride for our nation and innocent people the world over.

What is important to us is what we should do. They have done their duty to Islam, and as the most blessed, most exalted God ordained, they rushed to Him. What is important to us is for us to do our duty, to do what the most blessed, most exalted God has commanded. As far as those who are associated with God are concerned, the martyrdom of the dear ones is not as important as was their service to the nation. They did their duty, and they were assets to our nation--assets that have been lost. But the way they pursued their duty should be noted by us with awareness.

From the outset of the movement and the outset of the revolution there was a premediated plan against the revolution. It was not accidental that effective individuals--those individuals who were an asset for the nation--were either martyred, one after another or else an attempt to martyr them was made. However, God saved them. It was not accidental that someone assassinated the late Motahhari, or the late Mofatteh, or Mr Hashemi-Kafsanjani or Mr Khamene'i, or the late Beheshti, or the others--each of whom was valuable to Islam--or the deputies who were committed and useful. It was a matter which had been planned and [word indistinct]. It was a matter which started at the time the revolution started to take shape. At the time when the people wanted to vote for the Islamic Republic, it was boycotted--a group boycotted voting in the referendum. When the Council of Experts was formed, opposition was voiced against it; after it was formed, the council, consisting of Islamic experts in jurisprudence [foqama] and scholars, it was opposed and a plan was drawn up to dissolve it. But God protected it.

It was not accidental that when the Majlis was about to be set up, there was again opposition voiced against it, and when it was set up there were certain people within the Majlis itself who opposed those matters which were beneficial to safeguarding Islam and the country's independence. This was part of the premeditated plan. This is something which is still here, which goes with the revolution, which is born out of the revolution, which is still with us and will continue to be with us in the future. It is not accidental that someone in the Majlis should oppose a proposal that is in line with Islam's wishes, in line with perpetuating Islam and the path of Islam. Yet there are matters being objected to and opposed. It is not accidental that after this issue was over and done with, the government, which is an Islamic and committed government, was subjected to insult and objections. The Majlis, even though it is Islamic and most of the members are committed and believing people, is objected to, and it is being said that the Majlis deputies are useless. It is not a question of whether or not the government is able, whether the Majlis is able. The question is whether or not there should be an Islamic Majlis, an Islamic government. The question did not concern Mr Beheshti.

During the past 1-2 years you have seen the sort of people who were objected to. It is not a personal matter. It concerns opposition to the basic principle itself. The matter relating to the establishment of coordination offices throughout the country has an extraordinary situation. The matter relating to opposition to the Islamic government and daily attacks on the government in writing and in speeches to the effect that this government can do nothing worthwhile is not that simple. That the Majlis is not an effective one and those in it are not well-informed people was not the main issue. The issue was not that the judiciary had fallen into the hands of monopolists. These things are not the opposition's main concern. The issues concern America and Islam; this development is an American development against Islam.

From the very outset, from the moment it was felt that the shah must go--at that moment Bakhtiar arrived on the scene from a nationalist group. As a precautionary measure they [the nationalists in the National Front coalition] said he no longer belonged to their party or the front. This was a precautionary measure they adopted so that should he leave the scene there would still be the front. From the moment the foundations of the monarchy weakened, this development was set in motion. It started when I was in Paris. Even then they wanted to give the shah the guise that he would be reigning but not ruling. Under this guise they wanted to keep him. At that time they wanted to bring in Bakhtiar in an attempt to bring about a reconciliation between us, as if our quarrel was with Bakhtiar. This development was, right from the start, a well-planned and cohesive program and he did not pay proper attention to it. Matters gradually become clear. They exposed themselves little by little, until it came to the point when--despite all my efforts to prevent it--it came to be. It was not because I trusted them [nationalists], it was because of the reasons I told the gentlemen themselves.

Now we come to the stage after plans to keep the shah, to bring Bakhtiar to power, to set up a regency council and, after the Islamic Republic of Iran, which was opposed the Council of Experts, the Islamic Consultative Assembly, the government and the judiciary--which were all opposed. None of this was because they were opposed to Raja'i, Beheshti, Hashemi-Rafsanjani or the Friday imam of Tehran. It was a policy aimed at excluding committed individuals. They wanted to push them from the scene and bring about public disenchantment toward them. They spread rumors that goods which were intended for the war victims were being pocketed by Mr Beheshti, Mr Khamene'i, Mr Hashemi-Rafsanjani and others. Crimes committed in Iran by their own hands were attributed to these people in the eyes of the nation.

This development was, and still is, aimed at shifting this country toward America. Well, if they managed to shift it toward America, the Soviet Union would also become a partner. There cannot be one of them alone; they have to be together.

This trend still continues. They failed to achieve anything from the past events. They did not achieve anything either from this savage slaughter which has little or no parallel in world history. They continue their acts of sabotage. As they realize that they achieve nothing, they engage in acts of sabotage. They are interested only in destruction. Today, the duty of our nation is that all members open their eyes and ears and control the comings and goings of these people. If the nation expects only the guards, the committees or the government to perform these duties, they are making a mistake. At the moment, all individuals are dutybound to pursue these issues, to hunt these saboteurs who have crept into holes and who are busy committing acts of sabotage and who, unfortunately, have deceived our naive youths, our young girls and boys. The parents of these young people should know that these hostile groups lead their children astray in order to create confusion so that they can benefit from it if they can, at least by causing destruction. All the parents and relatives are dutybound to advise these deceived children, these deceived boys and girls, to prevent them from such actions which are contrary to the interest of the nation, which are contrary to the path of Islam. They should not sit idly and allow their children to go among the people, to carry out acts of sabotage, to be caught, to receive their just punishment and to be punished in the next world. They should prevent their children from carrying out these acts because they are deceived and need advice.

Some young people have been deceived by these people; they are saying that they wish to do something for the nation, that they wish to get rid of the mullahs because they do not work for the nation and work only for their monopolistic aims; they claim that it is these groups who wish to work for the people. I am amazed that these young people ignore the actions of these individuals [mullahs]. A farmer labors for a lifetime, but one match can destroy his crops. Are these people the ones who wish to serve our nation? They pour into the streets and attack pedestrians and cars; they kill them, set fire to them, cut off their heads, kill them. Are these the people who wish to work for the nation?

Today, the duty of the entire nation is to take note of and identify these saboteurs and report them to the committees or courts, or whatever office is near them. They should not get involved themselves. They should just identify them or, at most, arrest them and hand them over to the guards or the security forces. They should not sit waiting for others to do these things. This is in everyone's interest. Today is not like it was in the past when the nation was not taken into account, when a tyrannical government ruled the country, depriving all the benefits and pushing the nation aside.

Today, all of you wish to lead this country to peace and to take it out of the hands of corrupt powers. Today, all of you should be as though members of an intelligence organization. All of us are dutybound to report any of these saboteurs that we might find, and we should try to find them so that the security and military forces will arrest them and send them to the courts to be tried. The trials must be just trials, in accordance with religious principles. You should not sit back waiting for their acts of sabotage; they are hired to extend these acts of sabotage so as to create disturbances throughout the country and to cause destruction, hoping that the nation will be intimidated and will leave its path. If the nation becomes intimidated and leaves the path these groups hope to come on to the scene, to destroy the government, to destroy the Majlis and to bring into being a seemingly Islamic government. This is what they want and what America wants. You should not be mere spectators. We should be active. If we give a martyr, our activities should increase. Those who have given martyrs should become more active, because they have lost an active person and they should work to find the people responsibile for these crimes and who are committing these crimes.

Also, the entire nation should concentrate on the war. What is most important is that we win the war. God willing, we will be victorious. The fact that we have lost some very illustrious personalities should not make us forget the issues with which our martyrs were concerned and for which they served. We should become more mindful of them. We should follow the path of our martyrs from the Majlis, our martyrs in the government, our martyrs in the judiciary, whose aim was that we should win the war and should throw the dregs of America and the Soviet Union out of our country so that our country becomes an Islamic, independent and free country. We should not forget their path. The most important of these issues is that this war should end in our victory. God willing, it will end in our victory.

In any case, we have certain duties. Yesterday, I talked about the duties of the entire nation, men and women, all those who have reached the legal age for voting. It is incumbent upon all of them to go to the ballot boxes to elect a president. Should you evade your duty, those who wish to destroy this country might win. All of you, all of us, men and women, every Muslim--in the same way that they should say their prayers--should also decide their fate. We received a blow due to our mistake. All the problems which we are facing now are due to the fact that we made a mistake. This mistake should not be repeated. You should try to elect a person to the post of president who is 100-percent committed, Islamic and following the line of Islam. All groups and the ulema of various cities [words indistinct] should take part in this vital affair, because if we again make a mistake we will, after a time, have to dismiss him and start all over again. We should try not to make such a mistake.

If we keep quiet it will be harmful for us. We should be forward, we should be active. If we take 1 step back they will take 10 steps forward. Our armed forces, our gendarmerie, our guards, our mobilization forces and those tribes who have joined them should advance. If we show any negligence they will advance. If we are 1 step backward they will advance by 10. We should be actively and steadfastly present on all fronts where we are defending Islam and throw the American dregs from our country.

These are their duties. However, the duty of those of us who are behind the fronts is to cooperate with them. If the armed forces see that the nation is with them, their activities will multiply. You should reassure them that you are supporting them. You, the Muslin nation, have proved to the world that you are a nation united with its military and other armed forces, that you are serving them behind the fronts and that they are serving Islam on the fronts. We should not forget that we are engaged in a war against America and against American dregs; these dregs were imposed upon us when we were negligent. Today, it is the same.

You should try to identify and report them to the courts. You should not sit and wait for them to set fire to another place. They wish to create a tumult, to create an explosion so that the people may leave the scene. However, they have seen that the opposite has happened. These martyrdoms caused the people to come closer together. It also exposed those people who claimed that they were for freedom, that this nation should be free. It is clear what type of freedom they want. They want freedom to have explosions. They wished to have the hypocrites come freely amor the people and to deceive many other youths for years to come. They wished to do thing in the open which they now have to do in hiding.

On the day of 'Ashura [anniversary of the death of Imam Hoseyn] they used to clap and whistle. Our wronged imam was martyred. On the anniversary of our imam's death they listened to the speech of someone who is their friend. They applauded and whistled so that America would be forgotten. Their aim was that America would be forgotten. One group talked of the Soviet Union, so that America would be forgotten by the people. Another group, instead of proclaiming "God is great," clapped their hands and whistled--all this on the day of 'Ashura. Their aim was that the slogan of "death to America" may be forgotten.

You recall that on the day when our dear young people occupied the den of espionage, the devils became active. One of them said that they were the followers of Satan's policy. They used to say that we were American hostages. Not that they did not understand that we were not American hostages. They wished to rob us of our independence and to throw us into the lap of America. The issue of the occupation of the den of espionage was unpleasant to them because their own files would have been discovered and divulged. They attempted to release them [the hostages], saying that we have become American hostages; let them go. When our dear youths used to say that they were following the line of Islam they retorted that they were following the line of Satan; their fear was that their files might be revealed and that the masks they wore would be removed, making clear the type of people they were.

Even now I advise those individuals who have not deviated very far to dissociate themselves from those hypocrites who have risen against Islam. You should not tell me not to be harsh with those who engage in crime. In that way you would be equating us with them. I do not believe these gentlemen are unfamiliar with Shenakht [book published by the Mojahedin]. These people have published a book containing their beliefs, and these gentlemen have certainly seen that book. They equate those people with us, who are, at least, Muslims--ever if bad Muslims. They do not dissociate themselves from those groups.

Repeatedly I have said: Gentlemen, you have noticed that Mr Bani-Sadr did not dissociate himself from these groups. God knows that I often told him: These groups will destroy you. These wolves who have gathered around you, and who believe in nothing, will destroy you. He did not listen. He swore that they were devoted people. I knew that they were not.

These people, who steal from ministries were supported by him. It became clear that he was involved in the theft. They were so demented. Even now, I advise these gentlemen who are righteous and decent, but who have been misled that America will be no good to you. That time is gone. Today, what is of benefit to your religion and to your world here is this nation, this barefoot nation. The capitalist countries will be of no benefit to you either. They look after their own interests. They wish to make use of you. These hypocrites will be of no benefit to you either. Should these hypocrites come to power they will cut your head off. You say there is no god but God, but they do not believe in this. They believe in the monotheism of the classes. They regard the day of judgment to be here in this world. These groups believe in nothing, but you do. The day they might become victorious--God forbid--you will be sacrificed by them. They have made you like a bridge to their won victory, and when they achieve victory they will destroy the bridges behind them. They do not wish to keep anyone who might be a nuisance to them.

Once again I tell these gentlemen that this is the blessed month of Ramadan and the doors of the grace of Almighty God, the all-blessed, are open to all sinners. Before it is too late you should correct yourselves in this month of Ramadan. All of us should improve ourselves. Nobody is perfect.

All of us should seek refuge in God and should correct ourselves. We should not confront this roaring current and the tumultuous sea of committed individuals. We should put ourselves in line with this current. Swimming against the floodtide will destroy you. Swimming against the crushing waves of the sea will destroy you. You have not forsaken Islam. However, those who do believe in Islam and have even risen against Islam, or worse, have poured into the streets and have killed the people--you know the religious decree on this issue. You know that someone who goes armed to the streets and even threatens the people--it is not necessary to kill anyone--those who threaten the people are condemned in Islam and you know the relevant commandment. Pay heed only to this issue. Make public a statement saying that it is decreed in the book of God that these people who are corrupt on earth, who go to the streets and intimidate the people must be punished in a way according to the laws of God. Announce this religious verdict and put your signature and the signature of your group to it. Why do you hesitate? What do you expect them to do for you?

I beseech Almighty God, the all-blessed, to enable us in this month of grace and forgiveness to repent the sins we have committed; to release us from our carnal desires; to protect our dear nation to continue with the strength which it possesses; to enable our military and other armed forces to become victorious. God willing, Islam is victorious and will be victorious. May God's greetings and grace be upon you.

KHOMEYNI STATEMENT ON MEMORIAL SERVICE FOR MARTYRS

LD041532 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 4 Jul 81

[Text] A memorial service will be held at the request of Imam Khomeyni at the Martyr Motahhari School this afternoon, to honor the memory of the 72 blood-stained martyrs of Islam. The text of the statement issued by Imam Khomeyni's office yesterday is as follows:

In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. Blessed be the martyrdom of 72 companions of Hoseyn--peace be upon him--in the Iranian Karbala. To the revolutionary nation:

This is the beginning of the achievement of the full victory of the third revolution of the Iranian nation, which is uprooting the corrupt roots of the internal deviationists. The Islamic revolution is the result of the martyrdom of 60,000 martyrs and 100,000 disabled; independence, meaning the full severance of the influence of world-devouring America, brought about more martyrs and disabled as a result of the Iraqi-imposed war; freedom brought the martyrdom of Beheshti and his friends.

And this is only the preface to the voluminous notebook, at the end of which the victory of our third revolution is written by the blood of our martyrs with blood-stained shrouds. Frankly, it would not have been possible to come through the revolution without the martyrdom of Motahhari, Beheshti and others. It will not be possible in future, either. It is impossible to fully establish divine rule without sacrificing the pure blood of the pious servants of God. The imam of the nation is prepared for a hard battle against all incidents which might threaten independence, freedom and the Islamic Republic.

A memorial service in honor of the memory of the martyrs of the beginning of the third revolution will be held, on behalf of the imam and the nation, at the Martyr Motahhari High School, from 1630 to 1830 this afternoon, Saturday, 4 July.

In the hope of liberating freedom from the claws of America and its internal agents!

[Signed] Imam Khomeyni's office, 3 July 1981

MEETINGS WITH KHOMEYNI CANCELED DURING RAMADAN

LD021746 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 2 Jul 81

["Text" of statement issued by Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeyni's office on 2 July]

[Text] In His exalted name. The honorable and Muslim nation is hereby notified that considering the coming of the holy month of Ramadan, which is the month for prayer and self-appraisal, and also according to what has been customary in previous years, public and private meetings with the imam, may God extend His shadow, will be canceled during the holy month of Ramadan. We hope that during this great month, the month for praying and repenting, the honorable and Muslim nation will be increasingly successful in their divine and humane duties.

[Signed] Imam Khomeyni's office

MAJLIS APPROVES MUSAVI AS NEW FOREIGN MINISTER

GF051415 [Editorial Report] Tehran Domestic Service in Persian at 0458 GMT on 5 July begins carrying live today's Majlis proceedings. The session opens with a recitation from the Koran. After this, two unidentified speakers make preagenda speeches. The first speech, beginning at 0505 GMT, deals with activities of the arch-Satan and events leading to (?the death of IRP explosion victims).

At 0520 GMT, the second deputy begins his speech by praising the Iranian revolution and the blows it has so far dealt to the arch-Satan and its allies. His opening remarks are followed by a verbose attack against the United States and its system, attributing the assassination attempt against Reagan to agents of Vice President Bush. In his speech, he also criticizes the colonialist United Kingdom and Zionist Israel. He repeats his denunciation of the IRP headquarters bombing and declares that the revolution will go on. He says: "The government must be stronger and must carry out a crash program [presumably of reforms]. It is true that the revolution is supported by all the people, yet we are ashamed since there are still capitalists exploiting these people." He concludes by urging the judiciary and the (?new Supreme Court) president to open all files and act faster, asking: "Why do we not hear the sound of bullets from Evin Prison (?tearing out the hearts) of the enemies of the revolution?"

This is followed by a debate on a bill concerning house sales within (?city limits). At 0600 GMT the bill is approved by 122 deputies out of a total of 182 present.

Debate on the bill for annexing the Revolution Court to the judicial system then follows with a reading of an objection to Article 2 of the bill raised by members of the Council of Guardians. The debate is postponed until the next session. The Majlis adjourns at 0612 GMT.

Proceedings resume at 0706 GMT with a speech by Prime Minister Raja'i. He recounts, in detail, the events leading to the selection of the foreign minister, which was one of the last decisions that the late Ayatollah Beheshti contributed to. The former president had been quite fastidious in his choice of ministers for several posts, including the foreign minister, he says, adding that Musavi was a candidate that was previously refused by the president even though he was recommended by Musavi Ardabili.

At 0716 GMT, Deputy Kashani begins to speak against the selection of Musavi, saying that nationalism "has always been used in this country to oppose Islam." He cites articles published in JOMHURI-YE ESLAMI, which in his opinion were of a nationalistic character, holding Musavi responsibile for their publication.

An unidentified speaker follows at 0750 GMT and rejects all the points raised by Deputy Kashani, arguing that a man approved by Beheshti and Musavi Ardabili must be suitable for the post. He declares: "The best reason for his suitability is his rejection by Bani-Sadr in the past."

Deputy Ayat then speaks against engineer Musavi, and deputy (?hadi) for his selection. Hashemi-Rafsanjani then calls upon Musavi to address the Majlis.

Musavi begins speaking at 0829 GMT and summarizes the ministry's shortcomings. A vote is taken and Musavi is approved by 121 votes. Hashemi-Rafsanjani announces that the next session will begin at 0800 on 6 July and will debate the bill on "political parties."

The session ends at 0857 GMT.

Raja'i Address on Musavi

LD051304 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 5 Jul 81

[Excerpts] According to a Central News Bureau report, the Islamic Consultative Assembly held an open session this morning. During this session, which was chaired by Mr Hashemi-Rafsanjani, Prime Minister Mohammad 'Ali Raja'i proposed Mr Hoseyn Musavi as minister of foreign affairs. Following speeches by a number of deputies against and in favor of the nomination the deputies cast their votes and Mr Musavi's nomination was approved by 126 votes in favor, with 8 votes against and 33 abstentions.

According to this report, while introducing Mr Hoseyn Musavi as foreign minister Prime Minister Raja'i told the Majlis: The question of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs was an issue which had caused difficulties in the work to form the government. Our impression is that the foreign minister is responsible for dealing with the outside world on matters concerning the entire ideology of the Islamic revolution. Therefore, we tried to be careful in nominating the right person and consulted with all the committed individuals whom we consider to have the quality to help us in our choice. Our last request and call was made to our martyred brother, Beheshti, to choose between the party and the post of foreign minister, which would involve relieving himself from his responsibility in the party so as to come to the Foreign Ministry. Finally, after detailed discussions, we accepted and we proposed Beheshti to the president, but the president desisted from approving the portfolios of the minister of state, the labor minister, the minister of economics, the commerce minister and the foreign minister, and he kept linking the issues with personal affairs.

Prime Minister Raja'i then discussed issues relating to the appointment of the minister of state and added: Mr Musavi Ardabili had also proposed our brother, Hoseyn Musavi, to the president and stated that he knew the latter to be committed and dedicated to Islam. Unfortunately, his recommendation was not effective.

Prime Minister Raja'i also said: The Islamic Republic of Iran has been deprived of his service and the deposed president should be held responsible for this. In a session which we had in Susangerd following the defeat sustained by the deposed or former commander in chief of the armed forces, I sincerely asserted that we were ready to support him from within, that he should go and continue his fight and leave domestic affairs aside; let us fill the four ministerial portfiolos still vacant. But Bani-Sadr continued his opposition.

Concluding his speech, Prime Minister Raja'i added: I hope that with God's help and with the presence of Brother Musavi as foreign minister, we will be able to remove this major problem which we have not been able to deal with effectively so far. It does without saying that not only the foreign minister but all other ministers and heads of departments should take note of constructive criticism to encourage good and discourage evil. The government expects to benefit from the deputies' guidance.

According to this report, during today's session the deputies for Saravan, Chadbahar and [name indistinct] and Gonabad were sworn in.

Musavi Speech

GF051114 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0829 GMT 5 Jul 81

[Speech by Foreign Minister Mir Hoseyn Musavi in the Majlis on 5 July--live]

[Excerpts] In the name of God, the merciful, the compassionate. [passage indistinct] It is difficult for me to speak at this moment. The brothers in the party must have seen and felt (?the loss of) seven colleagues, (?especially) as one was Dr Beheshti. However, I do not want to give individual answers to each of the brothers who spoke today. It seems that I am not allowed to do so. [Prior to this speech, Hashemi-Rafsanjani said there is no Majlis regulation that allows a proposed minister to reply to criticism prior to being approved.] I would like to begin my short speech from the point that it is concerned with the programs of the Foreign Ministry. This is the matter of nationalism [said in French], the matter of nationalism. From its first day of publication, JOMHURIYE ESLAMI took a decisive position against the question of nationalism.

Our foreign policy lines are clear. They have been read here before, dealing with the oppressed of the world, the liberation fronts, the policy of "Neither East nor West," the struggle against the United States, the Palestine (?issue) and other matters dealing with renewal of the Foreign Ministry itself and the embassies. As one of the brothers has already mentioned, we must not expect a miracle. A ministry that has had several ministers in the space of 2 years and has been without one for some time and the policies of the former regime has been most widespread in this ministry--naturally it was an organization to achieve the aims of the former regime, and we can guess at these aims. [sentence as heard]

We have to define our goals with respect to the ministry. On the basis of these goals, we can establish a new chapter in the history of this organization. In this way, the organization will be coordinated, and we may reach our goals. When we have not defined our goals or have not realized that all our traditional organizations--from all office... [sentence left unfinished]

Instead of dealing with people in organizations, the matter of individuals is separate from the organization. [Words indistinct] are (?the policies) that are (?designed) to achieve the goals of the former regime.

It is possible that all employees in an office may be good followers of the philosophy and such. However, the system of the organization is presently moving it in a direction to achieve other goals. With respect to the Foreign Ministry, we must first determine and define our goals. [Words indistinct] Council of Ministers has done, and it has apparently been read here before. These goals have been counted.

The second matter is to face the realities of our world. One is that we are facing an organization called the Foreign Ministry and the embassies and realities that are present on the international scene.

I would like to briefly define our future policy for our brothers and sisters. In order to implement our foreign policy we should use force. For example, the United States uses its military and economic power or the delicate connections that this superpower has created with oppressed countries. The same goes for the Soviet Union, its spies and its fifth column. In order to implement our foreign policies, we need force. What type of force? We can define this as oil and Iran's strategic position.

I want to say that the force we require around the world to implement our foreign policy does not involve any of these things. We can create a momentum in our foreign policy with the [word indistinct] hope among the oppressed masses of the world. They are looking at a country that is standing on its own feet without leaning on the East, the West or any superpower. This force can be used around the world as a source of pressure--a fulcrum for the struggle against international oppression.

FOREIGN MINISTRY STATEMENT TO WORLD MUSLIMS

LD021658 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 2 Jul 81

[Statement by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs addressed to Muslim nations throughout the world--date not given]

[Text] In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. Oh Muslim brothers and sisters: We are about to welcome the holy month of Ramadan more than 280 days after the start of an air, land and sea aggression by Iraq against the Islamic Republic of Iran. For more than 280 days about 2 million of your Iranian brothers and sisters have been forced to wander in deserts and mountains in a most abominable manner. For more than 280 days important border cities of Iran have been bombarded with bombs and missiles by the aggressive assailant forces. Our men, women, boys and girls have been the targets of the bullets of the aggressive forces for more than 280 days. For more than 280 days the aggressive army of the Iraqi Ba'th, with the all-round cooperation of Egyptian and Jordanian forces and the all-round assistance of U.S. imperialism and Zionism, have made the resisting and Muslim people of Iran the targets of their extensive attacks.

The only crime of the Muslim nation of Iran is that it shouts: "God is great: there is no god but God; neither the United States, nor international communism nor Western Europe." The Islamic nation should only obey God's infinite power and not succumb to the inhuman greed of international imperialism, and by means of self-sacrifice should start a new prosperous chapter in history. The sole crime of the Muslim nation of Iran is that it considers Zionism as the usurper of Palestine, and believes that the Palestinian nation should receive all its lawful rights, should not be satisfied with slogans alone, and should use all its might against Israel. The crime of the Muslim nation of Iran is that it believes that no government, be it Arab or non-Arab, should lie to its people. If Arab governments are truly against Zionism, they should actively fight against Israel, and with their best weapon, oil, they should drive the usurper Israel from the region and cut off the hand of Zionism from the lives, properties and sacred possessions of the Arab nation.

If Arab countries' oil were to be cut off from companies who are affiliated with imperialism and world Zionism, the rule of Zionism over the occupied lands would end, and decades of deprivation, homelessness, torture and helplessness of the oppressed people of Palestine would be terminated. It is precisely in connection with these unforgiveable crimes that the hand of Zionism and imperialism has emerged from Saddam's sleeve, and military aggression against our country has started.

Oh Muslim brothers and sisters! The world mass media do not allow you to learn of the depth of the grievances that your brothers and sisters in Iran have suffered. You may not have heard until now that parts of our country have been bombed with napalm. Our cities have been ravaged with 9-meter [word indistinct] missiles. They did not have mercy on hospitals, kindergartens and schools. They assaulted war-stricken women and girls. They did not have mercy on 10- to 12-year-old girls. So far thousands of the best Iranian youths--brave offspring of Islam and the Koran whose hearts beat for you the Islamic nations--have been dragged through blood and dirt. The aggressive forces have chained the feet of the captured Islamic soldiers, burned them alive and thrown them in the streets. The aggressive forces have beheaded the soldiers and guards of Islam and thrown their bodies in deserts. Thus they intend, by creating fear and terror, to force our nation to surrender to the inhuman greed of Zionism and imperialism.

Dear Muslim brothers and sisters, you know full well that we are a peace-loving nation, for we are Muslims. From the very first days of this bloody aggression--which has been committed on the direct orders of the United States, with the overt agreement and coordination of Israel and with the cooperation of Egyptian, Jordanian and other leaders of reactionary regimes--we declared that we have no quarrel with the Iraqi nation but that we are fighting against international blasphemy and its lackeys, and that whenever the aggressive forces leave our soil and the aggressor is condemned and punished the war will automatically end. But the resistance of the Iraqi nation against Saddam would continue, and if the Iranian nation were to express its sympathy with the Iraqi nation regarding Saddam's crimes, this would be a natural occurrence.

Unfortunately, this bloody and all-round aggression has continued for 8 months. In order to consolidate Israel's position in the region and reduce the impetus of the Islamic revolution's anti-Zionist movement so that Israel could continue to commit aggression against the Palestinian people and Arab nations; and also to enable him to continue his shaky reign for a few more days, Saddam is increasing his crimes every day against the Islamic revolution and the Muslim nation of Iran. Although recently those statesmen who are puppets of imperialism, Zionism and Iraq have spoken of a cease-fire during the holy month of Ramadan they have apparently not remembered that it was Iraq who started the aggression and attack during the holy month of Ziqa'deh [Arabic lunar month].

Oh Muslim brothers and sisters, Saddam is the enemy not only of the Iranian nation, he is the enemy of Islam and the Koran. With the support of the superpowers of the West and East, and with the help of traitorous individuals in the Arab world like As-Sadat, Saddam has risen against the Koran and Islam. No day passes without Saddam and Zionism killing dozens of the best youths of Iraq; no day passes with the best offspring of the Arab nations being placed, while shouting "God is great," in front of the firing squads in Iraq's terrible prisons. Summary arrests, torture and executions in Iraq have reached astronomic figures; in order to save the foundations of his regime, Saddam has been forced to use soldiers and armed forces of foreign countries to fight against the uprising of the Iraqi nation. But naturally the Muslim nation of Iraq could no longer put up with this puppet regime and not stage a revolution against this blasphemous system. A revolution against the corrupt regime is the right of the Iraqi nation. We reiterate that we believe in the necessity to establish peace and justice, and consider resistance against oppression indispensable for the establishment of peace and quiet.

On the other hand, every drop of blood that is shed by Saddam in Iraq and Iran confirms the correctness of this belief, that to fight against Zionism, its multifaceted agents in the region should be identified, and by fighting against those agents the way for the penetration and expansion of Zionism in the region should be blocked.

The Arab nations should ask the leaders of the reactionary countries in the region why they have kept quiet about Saddam's overt aggressions and why some of them have even entered the war against Islam, the Koran and the Islamic Republic.

The Arab nations should ask the leaders of the reactionary countries in the region: Does the road to Jerusalem pass through Khuninshahr? Why does the Iraqi soldier--with Egyptian grenades, British mortars and American equipment--massacre the people of a city so that for many days blood flows in the streets of that city?

The Arab nations should ask the leaders of the reactionary countries in the region: What are the American AWACS planes doing in the region? It is obvious that they will not be used against Israel because their crews are all American. During the bombing of the nuclear reactor in Iraq, it was proved that the U.S. radar aircraft would never block the way of Israel's continuing aggression against the Islamic nations. It is apparent that these supermodern military planes have been brought to the region only to participate in the war against the Muslim and oppressed people of Iran. This is not only a plot against the Muslim Iranian nation, but an overt conspiracy against all Arab nations, the world's Muslims and all the oppressed of the earth.

Oh Muslim brothers and sisters, the holy month of Ramadan is nigh. Ramadan is the month for praying, blessing and rising up for God. During this holy month our youths, our aged, our men and women, while fasting, will resist under relentless and continual bombardment and missile attacks and will defend the frontiers of their country and, more important than that, the sanctity of the Koran and Islam and the honor of you the Islamic nations. At night our soldiers pray in the trenches, and during the day they face enemy bullets; thus, they defend the Islamic revolution, which belongs to all Muslims of the world and all the oppressed of the earth.

During this holy month, the month of prayers and a call to obey the sovereignty of God, you have the right to ask the leaders and press of the Islamic world: Why do they not reveal to you the hidden facts about this bloody aggression? You have the right to ask those who attended the At-Ta'if conference to consolidate that plan against the Islamic revolution: Why have they kept quiet in face of Saddam's overt aggressions against the Muslim nation of Iran? Why do they not condemn these aggressions? Why do they not put the aggressor in his place? And, conversely, why do they later give the aggressor financial, military and political assistance? Instead of helping Iraq, why do they not help Syria which is standing alone against Israel? Why do they not cut off their oil from America and its allies until they cease their uninterrupted flow of assistance to Zionism? Why, under conditions when imperialism has subjected Iran to economic, political and military blockade, do they endorse Iraq's military aggressions and attacks on Iran?

Oh Muslim brothers and sisters, bloodshed and fratricide should, and eventually will, stop. But as long as the aggressor, traitor and assailant agent, Saddam, is alive and is ruling the property, lives and sacred possessions of the Muslim people of Iraq, and sacrificing Arab youths for the aims of Israel, it will not be possible.

President Sekou Toure will no doubt consider what Saddam's motive for this bloody aggression has been. It will be wise for him to condemn this evil motive in order to show his own nation and the Arab nations and the world's Muslims that he is not on the side of oppression.

We assure the Arab nations and the world's Muslims that we shall remain alert and steadfast in the trench to defend Islam and the Islamic nations against all aggressions, and will defend the frontiers of our Islamic country. Forward toward the liberation of Palestine and the fulfillment of the peaceful aims of Islam!

[Signed] The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran

SUPREME DEFENSE COUNCIL DISCUSSES WAR 3 JUL

LD032050 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 3 Jul 81

[Text] PARS reports that the Supreme Defense Council held a session tonight, chaired by Prime Minister Mohammad 'Ali Raja'i, with the participation of Mr Hashemi-Rafsanjani, the speaker of the Islamic Majlis; Brigadier General Fallahi, the acting chief of the Joint Staff; Col Seyyed Musa Namju, the imam's representative on the Supreme Defense Council; Colonel Fakuri, the minister of defense; and Morteza Reza'i, the commander of the guards corps.

According to the same report, at tonight's session the situation at war fronts and the methods used by our forces to confront Saddam's forces were reviewed and discussed.

Raja'i on Session

LD041256 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0430 GMT 4 Jul 81

[Interview with Prime Minister Mohammad 'Ali Raja'i by Central News Bureau correspondent following the 3 June session of the Supreme Defense Council--recorded]

[Text] [Question] Mr Raja'i, could you please tell us something about decisions taken at this session?

[Answer] In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. This session took place with the participation of the imam's new representative, our brother Namju; our brother Hashemi-Rafsanjani, as the representative of the Provisional Presidential Council; and other members of the Defense Council. Before beginning my report I deem it essential, with thanks, to renew my appeal to our Muslim brothers and sisters in this holy month, which is one for answering prayers, as the guests of God to all beseech Him to graciously grant us what we sorely need, to beg God to make our dear brother Ayatollah Khamene'i recover as soon as possible so that he can return healthy and well to the entire Muslim people of Iran and, particularly, to the forums of the Supreme Defense Council.

As for the reports about the war, there were reports from all the fronts, particularly about the success achieved by the army of Islam on the Nowsud heights, which is very remarkable; we hope that this sort of thing will continue until we achieve final success.

Another important issue raised at the Supreme Defense Council was the ludicrous suggestion put forward by the infidel Saddam, through Olof Palme, to the Islamic Republic. As our dear compatriots are aware, Saddam has suggested that since this is the month of Ramadan it would be appropriate to declare a cease-fire in this month so that the Iraqis could, for instance, devote themselves to fasting. Our compatriots undoubtedly remember that it was this very infidel Saddam who began the war under the pretext that these people [the Iranians] are Magians, renegades from religion. He told the Muslim Army of Iraq to march forward and kill these people; and they did kill. And when he said be aggressive to them, they were and violated our dignity and self-respect. When he said destroy, they destroyed. So when Saddam began his deeds he explained them to the Muslim world under the ludicrous pretext that the army he had sent to wage war against us that these people are Magians. [sentence as heard] The government and people of this region [Iran] are Magians, so pounce on them and kill them; as you saw, they did exactly that. They killed our brothers, they captured our sisters and, in effect, we witnessed and experienced the most barbarous and savage deeds by these people in the most telling manner, deeds which we know from history the Mongols were capable of perpetrating. So now they have come with a suggestion to this self-same, as it were, Magian government, saying it is the month of Ramadan, let us not fight any more.

I have given you this preamble so that the world, particularly world Muslims, should know that this filthy, dirty, bloodthirsty, venal and infidel element has no other mission save to defeat Iran's Islamic revolution by any possible means and, fortunately, not only has this defeat bounced back on him, but he is daily amassing all the evidence against himself so that with the help of God he might be put on trial as soon as possible in a tribunal of Islamic justice.

We all know that the start of their operations took place in the month of Dhu al-Qi'dah, in a holy month, in a month forbidden by God Almighty for starting war. In that month, Saddam, under the pretext of waging war against the Magians and, as it were, of imposing the word of Islam, began this war; throughout 4 holy months he has waged war without saying the least thing since, as we believe, not only does he not believe, he is also ignorant of why he should stop the war in a holy month. But now that the month of Ramadan is upon us, like a lot of ignorant people who think that during the month of Ramadan they should pray [as heard]. They practice every evil deed during the year, but when Ramadan comes they say: We must pray during this month of Ramadan. or they cancel their fast and eat throughout Ramadan, but when the 21st day of Ramadan arrives they say: We must fast today. This poor wretch, now that he sees that Ramadan is upon us, is set on resorting to a trick in order to say to the Muslim people of the world: As a Muslim I suggested that they, as Muslims, accept a cease-fire so that we can devote ourselves to our faith and prayers during the month of Ramadan, but as they are warmongers they are bent on war.

[Question indistinct]

[Answer] I beg to say that in this war we have strictly adhered to Islamic strictures, and world peoples, particularly those who are informed about the culture of Islam, whether they be Muslims or non-Muslims, must know how we have behaved toward prisoners of war, how we have behaved toward cities, how we have behaved when we launched raids against Iraq in defense of the Islamic Republic. We therefore believe that it behooves Saddam--at least in order to embark on a correct course aimed at creating some prestige for himself--to come and say: The holy month of Ramadan is here so we should stop this aggression. Saddam, who has committed aggression against our Islamic homeland and the Muslim revolutionaries and has captured our cities, should vacate these places and return, saying: This is the month of Ramadan and out of respect for the holy month of Ramadan I will terminate the aggression.

With regard to the state of war during the month of Ramadan, you know that we did not choose the war as a means for committing aggression. We opted for it for defense, for the defense of our Islamic program, our Islamic revolution and our lawful rights. So, in the month of Ramadan, with the help of the Almighty, we will fight with greater determination and preparation; this is because our brothers in the war and our brothers and sisters behind the front are doing what they are doing as a religious duty. So, when it comes to the month of Ramadan we become more serious and determined in paying heed to and carrying out our religious tasks and, therefore, our reply is that with the help of the Almighty, during this very holy month of Ramadan, we will squeeze the last ounce of strength from the infidel saddam and his mercenaries and we will mete out just punishment on this very soil of ours for his nefarious deeds.

[Question] (?Could you please tell us) what tasks will be assigned to Mr Namju, who took part in this session as the representative of the imam?

[Answer] The imam's representatives do not have any special responsibilities and, as you may well know, in accordance with the Constitution, the Supreme Defense Council is made up of certain specific members, including two members who are there on behalf of the imam as representatives, one of whom was the martyred Dr Chamran, and now Mr Namju has come along to take his place. He has no special (?responsibility).

[Question indistinct]

[Answer] The fact that the martyred Dr Chamran used to be active was not in connection with his being a representative of the imam on the Supreme Defense Council, but rather because Dr Chamran had experience of and had been active in partisan warfare matters, both from the theoretical and practical points of view and, well, the opportunity was there for him to use this knowledge. But of course he did not do so as the representative of the imam.

HASHEMI-RAFSANJANI ON BANI-SADR DISMISSAL

LD031304 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 3 Jul 81

[Text] The unifying and glorious Friday prayers were held today at Tehran University with the participation of 1 million committed and revolutionary Muslims.

In his first sermon, Hojjat ol-Eslam Hashemi-Rafsanjani, [temporary] Friday imam of Tehran, talked about the month of Ramadan and the role of this month in the training of individuals. Referring to the rumors and propaganda about a cease-fire during Ramadan, he said this was a futile attempt by Saddam in order to escape certain defeat and prevent the definite destruction of the Ba'th Party in Iraq. He said: Saddam started the war in a forbidden month and by so doing he demonstrated that he does not have the slightest commitment to Islam. He said: We will continue the war as long as the aggressors are in our country to expel Saddam--this germ of corruption--from the region,

In his second sermon, the Friday imam of Tehran explained the process of hypocrisy and the hyprocrites. He referred to the two trends of hypocrisy--that of the right and that of the left--which are confronting the Islamic revolution. He said: These two trends are contradictory in nature but in practice they act alike. Hojjat ol-Eslam Rafsanjani said the Mojahedin-e Khalq are the symbol of leftist hypocrisy, and liberalism and liberal hypocrisy are the symbol of rightwing hypocrisy. Describing the methods of operation of these two trends, he said they have acted together and in a united way against the Islamic revolution. In another part of his speech, Rafsanjani said:

[Begin Rafsanjani recording] I regard the explosion in the central headquarters of the Islamic Republican party as a direct result of the cooperation between the hypocrisy of the right and the left, and the blasphemy of the right and the left and world blasphemy. In any case, they had many plans. Fortunately, the imam came upon the scene at the right time. May God prolong the life of this leader, a leader in the true sense of the word; because the meaning of leadership is that the leader should be effective in the movement of the society at every moment. This is the meaning of leadership. This beloved leader, at the right time and at the right opportunity, delivered the necessary blows to the mini-groups of the right and the left and the hyprocrites and the infidels, one after another. Thanks to God, when the imam starts delivering blows he does not provide the enemy with even the opportunity to breathe. In speech after speech, sermon after sermon, he put his finger on the key parts of their doctrine and showed them for what they are. One of the evil stratagems of these groups was that they made the people believe this nation really wanted Bani-Sadr. Bani-Sadr used to go to various cities and at times he would even take some of his military friends with him in order to pretend that the people were with him even in his confrontation with the imam. These developments were the greatest victories for us and Islam. Some time ago in Kerman I said that the Majlis and the imam had dismissed Bani-Sadr with less difficulty than dismissing a petty governor in a village; and it really is so. Not only did it not do us any harm, it had many benefits because it brought harmony to this nation; it brought harmony to the armed forces and enabled them to know what to do. The army commanders were in a difficult psychological situation. They were forced to cooperate with their commander in chief. He did not understand that they are Muslims and that they do not wish to do anything contrary to what Islam has prescribed. They were caught in a dilemma. Now they can think properly, decide properly and fight properly.

They know that with the departure of that gentleman none of us will interfere with their work and will let them make their own plans and continue their work as they are doing. The country got rid of a cancerous tumor; it got rid of a meeting-point of the hypocrisy of the left and the right. The collusion of the hypocrisy of the left and the right fell apart and they were divided. We are witnessing the same qualities which the Koran describes about hypocrites; they seem united but their hearts are divided. [end recording]

AFP on Speech

GF031553 Paris AFP in English 1542 GMT 3 Jul 81

[Text] Tehran, 3 Jul (AFP)--Speaker of the Iranian parliament 'Ali Akbar Rafsanjani told a Friday prayer meeting at Tehran University today how the ruling Islamic Republican Party (IRP) drove the country's deposed president, Abolhasan Bani-Sadr, out of office.

Mr Rafsanjani said that when the president was elected in January last year "we were sure that we would not be able to work with him."

He said that with Ayatollah Mohammad Beheshti, Iran's chief justice who was killed with 73 other people in a bomb attack on the IRP's headquarters here last Sunday, he had done every-everything possible to stop Mr Bani-Sadr being elected.

"But what could we do? The people voted, Bani-Sadr was elected," he said.

When "for reasons I cannot explain" Mr Bani-Sadr became chairman of the Revolutionary Council and commander in chief of the armed forces, he placed his own men in charge of radio and television and the Central Bank, "thereby exercising total powers."

"This was annoying," Mr Rafsanjani said, "not only for Beheshti, but for the whole IRP and the policies of the imam (Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeyni, Iran's religious guide)."

"We went and complained to the imam," Mr Rafsanjani continued. "He told us: Do not worry. See that power is in the hands of the parliament, and after the (May 1980) general elections we will control the parliament, the Supreme Court, and the public prosecutor's office."

He added: "We agreed on a policy that would keep Bani-Sadr in the presidency, but under our surveillance, and the imam said: Fear not--he will depose himself."

This was in fact what happened, Mr Rafsanjani indicated, when Mr Bani-Sadr went into hiding 2 weeks ago and was subsequently stripped of his office by Ayatollah Khomeyni.

In conclusion, Mr Rafsanjani blamed last Sunday's bomb massacre at the Islamic Republican Party's headquarters on "the united heretics of the left and the right, hypocrites on the left and the right and world atheism."

JUDGE SUGGESTS BANI-SADR MAY BE EXECUTED

NC051729 Paris AFP in English 1722 GMT 5 Jul 81

[Text] Tehran, 5 Jul (AFP)--Deposed Iranian President Abolhasan Bani-Sadr will be executed if he does not repent and seek the pardon of religious leader Ruhollah Khomeyni, the judge of the revolutionary tribunal said here today.

The judge, Hojjat ol-Eslam Mohammad Gailani, made this statement at a press conference given at the Evin Prison here.

In an appeal to the ex-president, who went into hiding three weeks ago, the judge declared: "Bani-Sadr, you who have dealt blows to our regime. It is Ramadan now (the holy month of Islam). Come and benefit from the imam's pardon--otherwise the anger of the nation will amount not just to one execution but several."

At the same press conference, the revolutionary tribunals' prosecutor, Assadollah Lajevardi, disclosed that the main suspect in the murderous bombing attack here last Sunday on the headquarters of the Islamic Republican Party in which 74 people were killed was a party worker who had since gone underground.

"When questioned, both the judge and the prosecutor said they had no clue whatsoever as to ex-President Bani-Sadr's present whereabouts.

Judge Gailani said that Mr Bani-Sadr had betrayed the people and "deviated from the nation's ideals for it to fall into the hands of the super-powers."

"His most ignoble ruse was to declare that he was subordinate to the guide," Ayatollah Khomeyni, while "deceiving him," the judge said.

He accused Mr Bani-Sadr of tapping the phones of the ayatollah and his close followers.

Mr Lajevardi meanwhile said that 21 people had been executed "in direct relation" with the fall of Mr Bani-Sadr.

He also revealed that an unspecified number of workers were arrested in factories following the bombing of the party headquarters.

"They danced in the factories and showed joy," he said. "We have released those who repented."

He promised that journalists would be able to attend the next trial at Evin, which he said would be "a little special."

Trials were swift and sentences immediately carried out, he said.

No trials of persons arrested in connection with the fall of Mr Bani-Sadr have so far been open to foreign journalists.

WOUNDED TRADE MINISTER ISSUES STATEMENT ON BOMBING

GF021655 Tehran International Service in Arabic 1430 GMT 2 Jul 81

[Text] Trade Minister Kazempur Ardabili, who is currently being treated in a hospital following the disastrous explosion that hit the Islamic Republican Party's headquarters, today addressed the following statement to Trade Ministry employees:

In the name of the God of the believers and martyrs. The Iranian people are advancing like angry waves, depending on God's perpetual power in confronting the superpowers and their surrogates. Dear brothers and struggling revolutionary colleagues: Our dear Islamic revolution has achieved victory, thanks to the sacred blood of the dear sons of the country. The fruit of this revolution has ripened through the protection of the bloody martyrs. This revolution requires more daily sacrifices so it can survive and expand and so it can remove the barriers of the Western and Eastern enemy and join forces with the international revolution of the hidden imam--may God accelerate his coming.

The most recent gift our sacrificing people have given to dear Islam is the sacrifice of 72 of the most devoted officials. We have seen how the blood of these martyrs has given new life to the revolution and how it has stirred the people.

The Trade Ministry has won the honor of offering seven martyrs to this divine caravan. Three assistants of its best officials have been sent to meet God. One responsibility is to serve the people, follow the straight path of the revolution, pursue Islamic goals and be loyal and faithful to Imam Khomeyni. Those of us who respect the memory of these martyrs and direct our anger against the criminal foreign agents must redouble our efforts and express our anger against the executioners of the people by extending more services to the oppressed Muslim people. No doubt, the mighty divine justice will take revenge on these traitors and will grant victory to God's charitable servants.

[Signed] Kazempur Ardabili, trade minister

CENTRAL BANK DENIES NURBAKHSH BOMB VICTIM

GF021150 Paris AFP in English 0839 GMT 2 Jul 81

[Text] Tehran, 2 Jul (AFP)--The Iranian Central Bank today denied that its governor, Mohsen Nurbakhsh, was one of the 74 people killed in last weekend's bomb blast at the headquarters of the Islamic Republican Party.

Mr Nurbakhsh was reported by the party newspaper to have been killed but his name was not on the official list of victims. The bank said today he was "in good health" and was working normally.

SOVIET MUSLIMS HOLD EULOGY SERVICE FOR IRP VICTIMS

GF040810 Tehran International Service in Arabic 0700 GMT 4 Jul 81

[Excerpt] A eulogy service was held in the grand mosque in Moscow on the occasion of the recent disastrous bombing incident which took place in the headquarters of the Islamic Republican Party in Tehran. The service was attended by a huge number of Soviet Muslims, members of the diplomatic missions of Islamic states in Moscow, members of the Iranian community living in Moscow and Mohammad Mokri, the ambassador of the Islamic Republic to the Soviet Union.

The mosque's imam delivered a speech at the start of the service in which he spoke of this disastrous calamity and praised the martyrs while calling on Almighty God to show them His mercy and forgiveness.

Then Dr Mokri delivered a speech in Arabic in which he denounced the conspiracies of the superpowers who plot to undermine the Islamic revolution in Iran. He also praised the martyrs Dr Beheshti, Dr Chamran and others.

After Friday prayers, the Moscow Friday imam delivered a speech and offered a special prayer for the martyrs. He expressed condolences to Imam Khomeyni, the leader of the Islamic revolution, on this great affliction.

LIBERATION MOVEMENT CABLES SUPPORT FOR KHOMEYNI

LD061002 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0430 GMT 6 Jul 81

[Text] In a telegram sent to Imam Khomeyni, leader of the revolution and founder of the Islamic Republic of Iran, the Iran Liberation Movement [Nehzat - Azadi-ye Iran] declared its stand regarding the country's recent events. The text of the message, a copy of which was sent to the Central News Bureau by messenger last night, is as follows:

In His exalted name. The esteemed leader and founder of the Islamic Republic of Iran, may God extend his shadow:

The leader implied in his speech of Thursday, 2 July, that the Iran Liberation Movement should issue a statement. This is hereby brought to your attention.

It should first be noted that most of the points are clear and have already been announced in the movement's announcements and statements. But since some of those statements referred to by the leader were not carried by the Voice and Vision of the Islamic Republic of Iran, this statement is submitted in the form of a cable in order to give further assurance.

1. Regarding the movement's cooperation with other groups and parties, we clearly declared in a statement, dated 17 June 1981, that the Iran Liberation Movement is not in alliance with any group or party, and in its political struggles it acts in accordance with Islamic ideology, while preserving its independence and authenticity. It is evident that the Iranian movement has not had and does not have any cooperation with the Mojahedin-e Khalq organization.

2. Regarding those who--armed or unarmed--act with the intention of killing or frightening the people, we have written in the same statement: Beware! Street disturbances and aggressive attacks are disadvantageous to the Islamic Republic and are advantageous to foreigners. Do not give in to divisive plots by the enemies of the revolution.

We reiterate that any person or group who creates disturbance, aggression and terror is acting in the interest of the enemies of the Islamic Revolution of Iran, [words indistinct] corruption and treason to Islam and the revolution, and would prepare the ground for the return of rule by foreigners, especially [word indistinct] of the world-devouring America over our country. We also strongly condemn the traitorous inhuman and un-Islamic plot to blow up the central headquarters of the Islamic Republican Party on 28 June.

3. From an ideological and Islamic viewpoint, in our speeches, articles and statements--before anyone else and repeatedly--regarding [word indistinct] and deviation from Islamic authenticity, we have performed the necessary struggle and criticism with [words indistinct] and have rejected [word indistinct] ideologies.

Among the principles of the Constitution of the Iran Liberation Movement are: belief in Islam and monotheism, from Adam to Mohammad, in its vast meaning, span of time and global coverage; precepts that have been narrated in the most sincere and fluent manner in the Shi'ite school about the sayings and customs of the prophet of God, may peace and God's mercy be upon him; expectation and preparation for the day of judgment against any act that might weaken the leadership.

The Iran Liberation Movement performs its social and political duties in accordance with its Islamic duty and, as you know, before, during its heyday and after the victory of the revolution, it has always been among the true and faithful friends of the Islamic revolution and of the leader, and under the most adverse conditions, for the sake of God and performing its religious duty, we have accepted our responsibility; on the same basis, we have declared our views in accordance with our religious duty in order to safeguard Islam and the interests of the revolution.

We pray that during this holy month of Ramadan, as before, God's vast blessing will be upon our Muslim and revolutionary nation; may the fear of God and His power bring complete victory to the forces of Islam in the war against the pagan mercenaries of Iraq and the colonialists, so that, by relying on God, we can overcome the problems of the country and the revolution and the plots of foreigners, especially the criminal United States, and by returning to God and asking for the honor of obedience and service to Him, we can perform our duties of safeguarding the continuation of the revolution and the complete establishment of the Islamic Republic of Iran.

[Signed] The Iran Liberation Movement, 3 July 1981

REPORTAGE ON 2-6 JUL CLASHES, ARRESTS, EXECUTIONS

Ahvaz Court Statement

LD021410 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 2 Jul 81

[2 July statement by the Ahvaz Islamic Revolution Court]

[Text] In His exalted name. Under circumstances in which our heroic nation throughout the country is facing a military onslaught by America's hireling agent Saddam Yazid [Yazid ibn Mu'awaiyyah who was involved in the slaying of the third imam of the Shi'ites in Karbala']--and all the military and nonmilitary forces are trying to defend this Islamic land and territory, antipeople's forces have restorted to unprecedented treachery. These abject hirelings, calling themselves Mojahedin-e Khalq, the Cherikha-ye Fedai'yan-e Khalq and Peykar and declaring themselves for the working class, have joined hands with the enemies of this country. Following the evil designs of world-devouring America, they have declared an armed uprising against the Islamic Republic of Iran. The Islamic Republic that, prior to 22 Bahman [the 11 February 1979 revolution], had given the best of the nation's youths and ulema as martyrs and that, after 22 Bahman, has also given the blood of the country's best sons for the establishment of the republic. The Ahvaz Islamic Revolution Court, which has pledged itself to support the gains of the revolution and to be loyal to the martyrs, having investigated the file of a number of hirelings and traitors who had intended to infiltrate into our internal front and who are engaged in an armed uprising against the revolution, has issued the following sentences:

Mohammad Azhari, son of Mohammad 'Ali, member of the organization of militants in coalition with the antipeople's Peykar Party, has been sentenced to death on charges of activity and armed action against the Islamic Republic of Iran.

2. Hoseyn Me'mar-Ghaffari, son of Fatollah, has been sentenced to death on charges of armed uprising against the Islamic Republic of Iran and clashing with security forces. This man had been an active member of the antipeople's Peykar organization.

These sentences were carried out at 0100 today.

In addition, Behnam Beygdeli; Sirus Moqaddas, alias Reza'i; Jalil Karami; Mojtaba Aqamiri, alias Hamid Amiri, all members of the antipeople's organization of the monafeqin-e khalq [Mojahedin-e Khalq]--have been declared as rebels and sentenced to death. The sentence was carried out yesterday afternoon.

Execution in Babol

LD021519 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 2 Jul 81

[Text] The Public Relations Office of Babol Islamic Revolution Court has announced that 'Ali Taqi-Pur, son of Shaiban, has been charged with active participation in repeated conspiracies and attacking brother guards and the Muslim people of the city with a bayonet. He was found guilty of being a counterrevolutionary, of waging war against God and of sowing corruption on earth. The Islamic Revolution Court sentenced him to death. The sentence was carried out on the premises of the Babol Islamic Revolution Court.

Execution in Karaj

LD031300 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 3 Jul 81

[Text] According to a Central News Bureau report, on the orders of the Karaj Islamic Revolution Court a person was condemned to death after having been found guilty of leading and participating in demonstrations against the Islamic Republic and taking part in assaults.

A statement issued by the Karaj Islamic Revolution Court said that Hasan Chegini, son of Mohammad, was found guilty of participating in clashes against the system of the Islamic Republic and striking and injuring people with cold steel and was declared guilty of fighting against God and of corruption on earth. He was sentenced to death and the sentence was carried out at dawn today.

Kordestan Official Killed

LD041818 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 4 Jul 81

[Text] According to the Central News Bureau today, a statement was issued by the central headquarters for the distribution of land in connection with the martyrdom of a number of the members of the seven-man commission for the distribution of land in Kordestan. In this statement it said: Now that the time has come for the forces of falsehood to die, the minicounterrevolution groups are resorting to futile efforts and are adding to the records of their black crimes. This time they have committed a new crime and have martyred Brother Mehdi Yazdan-Panah, a member of the seven-man commission for the distribution of land in Kordestan who along with four others, was in their hands for 8 months. The central headquarters for the distribution of land congratulates and expresses its condolences to the martyr-raising nation and the families of these heroes. It hopes for the day when all the conspiracies hatched by the United States and its domestic agents are crushed under the storming anger of the imam and the nation and when Islamic justice is established all over the world.

3 Executed in Mashhad

LD041855 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 4 Jul 81

[Text] According to the Central News Bureau, three counterrevolutionaries in Khorasan Province were executed on the order of the Mashhad Islamic Revolution Court for waging war against God and [word indistinct] and for corruption on earth. Their names and charges were announced as follow:

(Yahya Nasrabadi), nicknamed Mesbah, charged with relentless activity in the Khorasan branch of the hypocrite organization Mojahedin-e Khalq, having a major role in leading the counterrevolution in Mashhad, and having a code book that proved contacts with the organization's central bureau.

(Mohammad Heshmati), charged with relentless activity against the Islamic Republic in the Khorasan branch of the hypocrite organization, having a major role in creating disorder and chaos in Mashhad and having code books and documents proving his contacts with the organization's leading figures.

(Hassan Ahmad Sima) charged with participating in a demonstration banned and condemned by the imam and with carrying a chain and a knife to attack the people.

Communist Center Raided

GF041942 Shiraz Domestic Service in Persian 1430 GMT 4 Jul 81

[Text] Islamic revolution guards have discovered and raided a house being used as the printing and publications center of the Iranian communist fighters organization. As the result of the raid on the house, situated at the crossing of Mushir-e Nau, nine cartons of freshly printed material, five cartons full of books containing anti-Islamic literature, two typewriters and one photocopy machine were confiscated.

Execution in Fars

GF041927 Shiraz Domestic Service in Persian 1430 GMT 4 Jul 81

[Text] The Islamic Revolution Court at Estahant in the Jahrom region of eastern Fars has sentenced a member of the Mojahedin-e Khalq to death. The order passed against this man, Mohmud Qoqadisi by name, was carried out yesterday morning by the revolution guards of Jahrom. According to reports received, as the result of an armed attack by this man against the people of Jahrom one man was seriously injured.

'Counterrevolutionaries' Repent

GF041952 Shiraz Domestic Service in Persian 1430 GMT 4 Jul 81

[Text] Several persons apprehended by the units of the resistance headquarters in Firuzabad for being affiliated with [counterrevolutionary] groups yesterday appeared before the congregation at the [name indistinct] mosque, repented their sins and promised that they would have no further affiliation with these groups. According to our correspondent, before the afternoon prayers, which were led by Hojjat ol-Eslam Fazeli, had begun the commandant of the gendarmerie regiment at Firuzabad, in answer to a question from one of the Hezbollahi brothers, spoke on current events in Firuzabad.

Weapons, Smuggled Goods Seized

LD051040 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0730 GMT 5 Jul 81

[Text] According to a Central News Bureau report, the Public Relations Office of the Islamic Republic of Iran's Gendarmerie today issued a statement on gendarmerie activities throughout the country during the month of Khordad [17 May-18 June]. According to this report, 42,998 assorted weapons and firearms and their ammunition were discovered. In connection with these discoveries, 255 persons were arrested and handed over to the judiciary officials. Also during this period, 1,352,944 boxes of foreign cigarettes, 1,106 kg of tobacco, 133 bottles of alcoholic drinks and 567 radio, television and video sets were discovered. In connection with these discoveries, 1,224 persons were arrested and prosecuted.

'Outlawed' Elements Arrested

LD051356 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 5 Jul 81

[Text] According to the Central News Bureau, combatants of the Islamic Republic of Iran stationed in Miandow Ab, in the course of a series of coordinated operations that lasted from 1 to 4 July, succeeded in cleansing the strategic heights of (Sa'in Bolaq), situated 25 km to the west of Takab, of armed outlawed elements. During the course of these brave operations, which were conducted in an area near (Goaqaj) village, situated 3 km from (Sa'in Bolaq), the Islamic combatants killed 3 of the armed assailants, injured 2 and arrested 20 and took a large number of assorted arms, ammunition and vehicles from the enemy as spoils of war.

In the course of these operations one of the brother guards was martyred and two were injured.

The (Sa'in Bolaq) heights constitute one of the enemy's important bases and supply centers. The enemy has, therefore, lost a great base.

Procommunists Arrested

LD051320 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 5 Jul 81

[Text] In the past 2 days, two meeting houses belonging to the union of communist strugglers organization have been discovered by the Islamic revolution guards with the people's cooperation in District 14, Syman-e Rey and Kiyanshahr, and 13 members of the organization have been arrested.

According to a PARS report, in a house in Syman-e Rey a large number of procommunist posters and leaflets, photographic equipment, printing machines and other propaganda equipment were seized. Seven residents of this house were arrested, one of whom is a girl.

According to this report, another meeting house was discovered in Kiyanshahr, belonging to the Ruz Association, with union of communist strugglers organization active in it. Six residents of this house have been arrested.

In this connection, the spokesman for the Shahr-e Rey committee emphasized that on both occasions the public played an active role. He asked people to continue to cooperate with security centers and immediately report any suspicious movement to the committees or to their local police stations.

Escaping Mojahedin Shot

LD051409 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 5 Jul 81

[Text] According to a Central News Bureau report a member of the monafeqin-e khalq, [Mojahedin-e Khalq] organization, under arrest by the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps in Babol, charged with counterrevolutionary activities, yesterday attempted to escape. While escaping down an alley situated off Dr Shari'ati Street in Babol he was shot and wounded by the revolution guards. He failed to pay any attention to warnings to halt. He later died in the hospital.

Mojahedin Members Executed

LD051240 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 5 Jul 81

[Text] According to a Central News Bureau report, by verdict of the Islamic Revolution Court in Amol, two followers of the minor monafeqin-e khalq [Mojahedin-e Khalq] group, 'Ali Mohammad Majidi and Fatemeh Hoseyni, have been sentenced to death on charges of armed uprising against the regime of the Islamic Republic and of stealing government weapons. The verdict has now been carried out.

According to a PARS report, by verdict of the Islamic Revolution Court in Esfahan two corrupt fighters against God have been sentenced to death. The verdict issued by the court has been carried out. The names of those executed and the charges against them are as follows: Hasan Khoshqamat, son of Hoseyn, charged with taking an active part in violent and anti-Islamic demonstrations, publishing and printing literature of the so-called Mojahedin group, preparing armed struggle against the Islamic Republic, obtaining intelligence for the Mojahedin, and misleading a number of the region's youth; Soheyla Mossadeqfar, daughter of Mahdi, charged with playing an active part in demonstrations against the Islamic Republic of Iran, preparing armed confrontation against the republic, attacking people, accepting the political and military stands of the monafeqin-e khalq, being hostile toward the republic and expounding the positions of the dirty elements regarding attacks on the people and overthrowing the Islamic Republic.

Others Discovered, Shot

LD051323 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 5 Jul 81

[Text] According to a Central News Bureau report, last night a meeting house belonging to the monafeqin-e khalq [Mojahedin-e Khalq] organization, situated in Buzerjomehr Alley, Felestin Street, was discovered with the people's cooperation.

According to this report, at the time of discovery, which took place with the vigilance of the revolution guards in the Now region, shots were fired at the guards. As a result of this clash, three followers of the monafeqin organization were killed and two guards were wounded. The clash lasted until morning, when the building was captured by the forces defending the revolution.

According to a PARS report, the clash at the house lasted for 6 hours, during which time three followers of the organization and two others were arrested. According to this report, two of the dead were killed by their own grenade, and the third person was killed by the defenders of the Islamic revolution. This report states that an arms cache, including a variety of weapons, Colts, [name indistinct], G-3 rifles and ammunition were discovered in the basement of the house, along with books and literature on partisan warfare.

Clashes in Shiraz

GF051931 Shiraz Domestic Service in Persian 1430 GMT 5 Jul 81

[Text] As a result of scattered clashes between groups of Shiraz citizens and members of the Peykar organization and troublemakers, 2 persons were injured and 14 were arrested. These clashes took place before noon yesterday after Peykar members and troublemakers threw Molotov cocktails at automobiles belonging to citizens. The clashes occurred at the Falak-e Hang Courtyard in Shiraz.

Khalq Group Arrested

GF051836 Shiraz Domestic Service in Persian 1430 GMT 5 Jul 81

[Text] At 2200 yesterday, with the cooperation of the people, a team of Khalq hypocrites were arrested at a house in Sarbestan and handed over to the Islamic Revolution Court in Estahbanat after preliminary questioning. A quantity of maps and photographs showing hypocrites dressed in the uniforms of the Mojahedin were taken from the house.

Mojahedin Members Sentenced

LD051933 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 5 Jul 81

[Text] PARS reports that the Islamic Revolution Court of Shiraz passed sentences of 1 month to 10 years imprisonment on 10 supporters of the Mojahedin organization. They were charged with taking part in the recent confrontations in Shiraz and Jahrom.

Central Committee Statement

LD052048 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 5 Jul 81

[Statement issued by the Public Relations Office of the Islamic Revolution Committee on recent Mojahedin-e Khalq arrests--read by announcer]

[Text] In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. Imam Khomeyni said that it is the duty of the public to identify the saboteurs.

With thanks and gratitude to the Muslim and committed people who--for the full realization of the Islamic revolution and in implementation of the imam's orders to cooperate with security organizations in identifying and arresting saboteurs, hipocrites and U.S. agents--through repeated telephone and personal contacts identified dozens of counterrevolutionaries--including some who were close relatives--and their meeting places, reporting them to the committee. The guards of the Islamic revolution committees are moving in step with the nation to arrest these criminals and murderers of the best offspring of Islam; no obstacle will halt them.

Now we ask the honorable parents to advise their deceived children and thank again the Islamic nation. We hereby inform you of part of the activities of the Islamic revolution committees during the past few days:

1. Based on reports that reached the brother guards in the first headquarters of the ninth region, one Mojahedin-e Khalq meeting place on Mossadeq-Azarbayjan Street was identified. At 2300 on 4 July the brother guards besieged the house and warned the occupants to leave. However, they resisted and met with the severe reaction of the brother guards. During this clash three Mojahedin members were killed and four were arrested. A search of the house revealed a large number of well-oiled weapons, including Uzis, Kalashnikovs, Colts and grenades, and a large amount of ammunition. Large amounts of TNT, batteries, and ohmmeters--all of which are used in the manufacture of time bombs--were also discovered.

2. Based on a report of suspicious movements in a house on (Bist Metri-e Mohammad-e Maleklu) Street, south of the science and technology school, the committee guards from the fifth region placed the house under surveillance. On 29 June at 0930 the guards entered the house with a warrant issued by the Central Committee and arrested five members of the organization of the hypocrites [Mojahedin-e Khalq] named "ali Masna, Mohsen Hasani, 'Ali Yusofi 'Ali Reza Ghaffuri, Mohammad Reza Hoseyni. Captured were one Colt, two Uzis, some G-3 and Colt ammunition, one army walkie-talkie, one stencil machine, one paper-cutting machine, two model 480 multicopiers, one model 460 with [word indistinct] multicopier, two model 410 multicopiers and much more equipment. The above people were sent to Evin Prison after their dossiers were completed.

3. The brother guards stationed in the Narmak precinct committee [eastern Tehran suburb] discovered a Mojahedin team house on Rashid Street, 134th Street, No 43, and arrested two persons. A search of the house revealed the equivalent of 3 million rials in Russian currency and 54 million Japanese yen, which the occupants intended to take out of the country. Many tapes of speeches by Bani-Sadr, Mojahedin-e Khalq and the minority group of the Cherikha-ye Fed'yan-e Khalq were discovered.

4. Based on a report received by the guards of the third district concerning suspicious movement in the Shokufeh nursery school on Alvand Street, No 40, the brother guards were dispatched to the scene. Four girls, named Zohreh Karimi, Ro'ya Mozaffari, Zahra Baqeri and Shahla Amini, were arrested while making bombs. They were transferred to Evin Prison after being interrogated. The girls had taken advantage of the fact that the nursery school was closed. Large amounts of grated soap, gasoline, paint thinner and cotton for making Molotov cocktails were discovered as well as of Mojahedin-e Khalq books which gave instructions on how to make bombs.

5. The guards stationed in the Rey precinct [southern Tehran suburb] identified and arrested nine royalists who organized most of the recent clashes from a company on Ferdowsi Street. Many documents on their connection with the late shah, Azhari-Sharif-Emami and Jamshid Amuzegar, as well as an important document on their cooperation with the defunct SAVAK, were discovered. Those arrested were: Mahmud Valanezhad, who organized most of the meetings for the riots and clashes; Reza Valanezhad; Seyyed Abolqasem Tabataba'i' Hoseyn Saduqi; Hasan Qahremani; Mohammad Shimi; Mohammad Tafaqqodi; Rostam Movaffaq; and Haji Mohammad Moqaddam.

6. Thanks to the efforts of the brother guards stationed at Rey precinct, one team house belonging to the hypocrites was discovered and four people were arrested. One van full of the organization's leaflets and books was captured. Those arrested were: Mehdi Kazemi, Morteza Ardestani, Mansur Ardestani and Qasem Ardestani. Mehdi Kazemi and Morteza Ardestani are known members of the hypocrite organization.

Guards Corps Statement

LD052258 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 2030 GMT 5 Jul 81

[Statement issued by the central headquarters of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps on 29 May-30 June operations against the Mojahedin-e Khalq]

[Text] In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. Imam Khomeyni said: "All of us are dutybound to identify these saboteurs so that the security forces can hand them over to courts for trial. Today the whole nation should be an intelligence organization." Oh Islamic umma [community of believers], the guards of Islam and the Islamic revolution: You heard your imam's words and you yourselves became an intelligence organization. And, according to our religious and legal duty we, your children, have done everything we could and will continue to do to everything we can to the best of our ability. Along with brother guards in the Islamic revolution committees, in perpetuating the history of the revolution, we shall continue to safeguard the revolution in the same way that we protected the revolution from the outset of the victory of our glorious Islamic revolution against the onslaught of American and counterrevolutionary elements.

Rest assured that we would not allow those American leftovers and Eastern and Western hirelings to undermine in any way the progress of this revolution, this hope of the oppressed the world over. We have learned from the guardian of Islam, Hoseyn ibn 'Ali, peace be upon him, not to compromise with infidels, the corrupt and the hypocrites [Mojahedin-e Khalq] and to remain loyal to this pledge until death. For this reason, we inform the ever-alert and ever-on-the-scene umma of some aspects of the arrests and operations carried out with regard to recent plots:

1. From 29 May to 30 June more than 50 active members of the hypocrites organization [Mojahedin-e Khalq] have been arrested in centers of plotting and [words indistinct] acts of sabotage, along with large quantities of arms and ammunition, means of murder, forged documents and other equipment. Some of those arrested are: Bali Babbasian, Mohammad Shokrani, Sa'id Safabakhsh, Mohammad Reza Madani, Hoseyn Ma'afi, Ahmad Farhang, Mohsen Bolur-Forush, Sadeq Tahmassi, Hoseyn 'Abedini-Durgushi, Hoseyn Tehrani-Kia, Hasan Hoshyar and Reza Khalili.

2. During the above period three monafeqin-e khalq military teams have been uncovered and smashed. In this connection, 'Abdorreza Iravani, 'Abdolhamid Nobakht, 'Abbas Malekan, Hamid Amini, Barat Mohammadi, 'Ali Reza Haddadian and several others were arrested. It is necessary to explain that several military operations plans, including one to destroy the Islamic Consultative Assembly building, were captured at these teams' headquarters.

3. During the past 10 days several of the active agents involved in the recent Qom blasts were arrested.

In conclusion, we ask our martyr-nurturing umma, as in the past, to report to the guards corps centers and the committees as soon as possible any information they may have regarding counterrevolutionary agents, saboteurs and other agents. Telephone numbers of the news headquarters of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps in Tehran are 831111 and 837799. Telephone numbers of the central headquarters of the Islamic Revolution Committee are 310001-9.

[Signed] The Public Relations Office of the central headquarters of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps

3 Executed in Sari

LD061324 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1030 GMT 6 Jul 81

[Text] PARS reports that by verdict of the Islamic Revolution Court in Sari, Sorush Bavand, son of 'Ali Mohammad, 22 years old, unemployed high school graduate, resident of Nowshahr, who had links with the Feda'yan-e Khalq guerrillas, Ashraf Dehqani group, was charged with forming a team house, activity against the Islamic Republic of Iran, attacking a brother guard and assaulting another, and having direct contact with the leadership nucleus above his team.

'Ali Reza Farshbaf, sone of Ebrahim, 19 years old, unemployed high school graduate, resident of Sari, and Hasan Dehqan-Nezhad, son of 'Azizollah, resident of Sari, connected to the hypocrites organization were charged with participating in setting fire to the library of the Islamic association, making and hiding molotov cocktails in order to attack the Muslim people, holding secret meetings to plan the overthrow of the Islamic Republic of Iran, accepting all the principles of the Mojahedin-e Khalq organization, announcing armed confrontation against the Islamic Republic and endorsing the bombing of the Islamic Republican Party headquarters. They were tried in the Islamic Revolution Court of Sari and were declared sowers of corruption on earth and wagers of war against God. They were sentenced to death.

The sentences were carried out at midnight last night at the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps base in Sari.

GUARDS CORPS COMMUNIQUE ON CAPTURE OF HEIGHTS

LD022016 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 2 Jul 81

["Communique" issued on 2 July by the Public Relations Office of the central headquarters of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps]

[Text] In the name of God, the compassionate, the merciful. On the eve of the month of light and at the dawn of victory, today a series of operations, named Ruhollah, this holy spirit of God, were launched in the Nowsud area with the complete coordination of the brave combatants of the Armed Forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran, the devotees of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps and the high-flying eagles of the army Airborne Division. The strategic 2,500-meter-high heights of (Shemshi) and (Melehendu) were captured by the brave combatants of Islam and were cleansed of the filth of Ba'thist Iraqi aggressors. In the course of these operations, so far more than 200 of Saddam's mercenaries were killed and at least 175 others were taken prisoner by the army of Islam. A large amount of weapons and ammunition dumps were taken by our combatants as spoils of war; the operations went on with the total victory of the followers of Hoseyn ibn 'Ali, may peace be upon him.

In the Marivan area, following an attack by the combatants of Islam on one of the heights in this region, so far 35 of the forces of blasphemy were taken prisoner and a group of them were killed or wounded. The full report on both operations will be brought to the attention of the noble nation of Iran in a later communique.

[Signed] The Public Relations Office of the central headquarters of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps